



## Quantum Measurement in Condensed Matter Systems

(Ivar Martin, T-11)

**Goal:** Design and analysis of quantum measurement procedures for quantum computing, quantum devices, and local probes

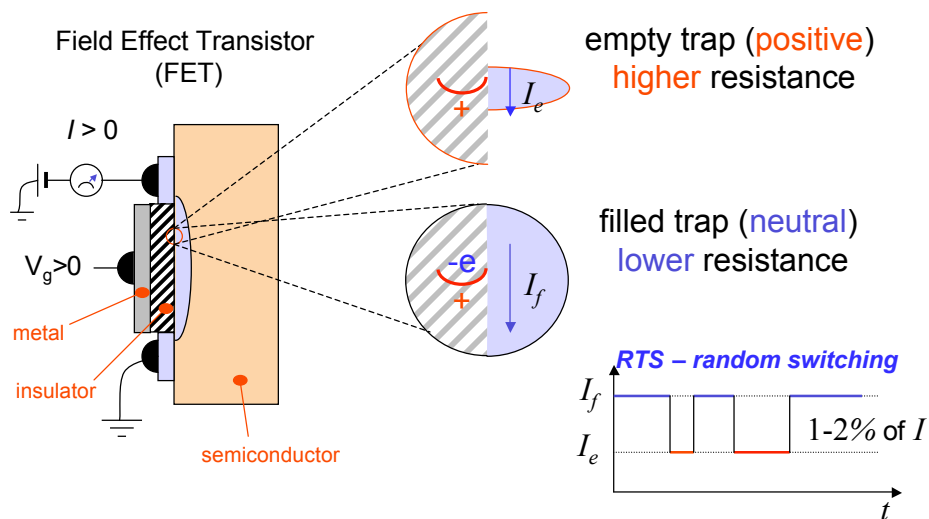
- **Single spin spectroscopy/measurement**
  - Proposal for single spin measurement in a superconductor (**PRL 88**, 037003 (2002))
  - Scheme for measurement of single spin ESR for electrons trapped in FET (**PRL**, in press)
  - Single electron relaxation in Magnetic Resonance Force Microscopy (**APL**, accepted)
    - Output noise of a measuring device at arbitrary voltage and temperature (cond-mat/0211618)
  - STM measurement of ESR (cond-mat/0112407)
- **Ultra-sensitive displacement measurement**
  - Measurement-induced Quantum-Classical transition (**PRL 89**, 018301 (2002))
  - Quantum measurement in correlated non-equilibrium environments (cond-mat/0207005)
  - Inelastic vibrational spectroscopy

### People involved:

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 Matt Hastings  
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## Traps and RTS





## ESR-RTS setup

At  $T = 0$ ,  $B_1 = 0$ :

trap is filled if  $\epsilon_{1/2} < \epsilon$   
trap is empty if  $\epsilon_{1/2} > \epsilon$

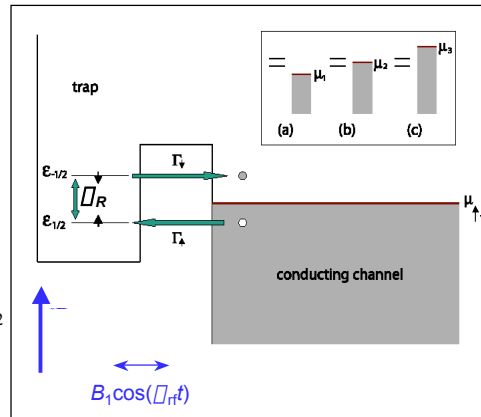
**NO RTS!**

At  $T = 0$  and resonant  $B_1(t)$ :

trap can be filled if  $\epsilon_{1/2} < \epsilon$   
 $e^-$  is promoted  $\epsilon_{1/2} \rightarrow \epsilon_{1/2}$   
 $e^-$  can escape if  $\epsilon_{1/2} > \epsilon$

**ESR-induced RTS!**

At finite temperature RTS is *modified* by resonant  $B_1(t)$



I. Martin, D. Mozyrsky, H.W. Jiang, (PRL in press)



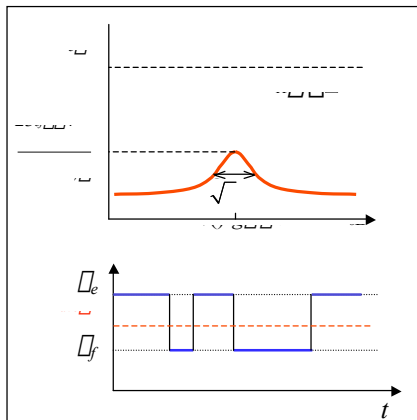
## Resonance in average resistance

$$\rho(B_0) = \rho_f + \frac{(\rho_e - \rho_f) \omega_R^2}{4(g\mu_B B_0 / \hbar - \omega_{rf})^2 + \Gamma^2 + 3\omega_R^2}$$

In presence of dephasing ( $T_2' \gg \Gamma$ ):

peak width:  $(1/T_2') \sqrt{1 + 3\omega_R^2 T_2'^2 / (2\Gamma)}$

peak height:  $1/[3 + 2\Gamma/(\omega_R^2 T_2')]$



### ERS-RTS Summary:

- Conversion of single spin measurement problem into single charge measurement
- Possible to extract single spin relaxation
- Pulsed manipulations – applications to quantum computing

*Example of strong quantum measurement*